

Improvements to the Pressurizer Component

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Outline

- Background
- Improvements to the pressurizer component
- Test results
- Summary



Background

- Pressurizer component based on pipe component
- Special two-phase level and interfacial heat transfer models
- Generally poor comparisons with data



Neptunus Pressurizer Test

- Neptunus pressurizer test facility at Delft University
- 1/40 volume scaled test facility
- Test Y05 used flow insurges and outsurges through surge line at bottom of test vessel with pressurizer spray into top of vessel
- Test used to assess RELAP5/MOD1 and TRAC-PF1/MOD1











Neptunus Pressurizer Test Results (cont.)

• Several modeling options were tried

- thermal front tracking model activated, improved pressure agreement during outsurges

- two-phase level tracking model activated, pressure too high during insurges







Improvements to Pressurizer Condensation Model

- Several options added to modify interfacial condensation model
 - multipliers on existing interfacial heat transfer coefficients
 - user input interfacial heat transfer coefficients
 - user input spray droplet size
 - user modification to fraction of available liquid in film on surfaces
- Slight improvement to pressurizer response







Improvements to Pressurizer Condensation Model (cont.)

- Examination of literature on pressurizer behavior revealed a spray induced enhancement to interfacial condensation
- During insurge events, a thin saturated layer of water on top of pool inhibits condensation on pool surface
- Spray droplets disrupt pool surface exposing subcooled liquid in pool, enhancing condensation
- Enhanced condensation rate a function of spray impingement rate on pool surface



Improvements to Pressurizer Condensation Model (cont.)

- Spray impingement flow rate computed as total downflow rate of liquid at surface of pool minus integral of condensation rate on wall surfaces above pool
- Enhanced condensation rate product of spray impingement rate, ratio of pool subcooling to heat of vaporization, and a user input constant
- User input constant specifies the amount of mixing between spray liquid and pool liquid
- Model only activated when flow activated in spray junction



















Summary

- New pressurizer condensation model implemented
- Dramatic improvement on pressurizer response
- Thermal stratification model implimented for nearlyimplicit solution algorithm

